



National Curriculum Objectives	Music		
EYFS:	RECEPTION		
EYFS: To sing songs, make music and dance, and experiment with ways of changing them. To express their own ideas, thoughts and feelings through music.	To use my voices in different ways for speaking To use my voices in different ways for singing nusic and t with ways To perform simple vocal patterns eg ha-ha, he-he, ooh-ooh, ah-ah. To repeat short rhythmic and melodic patterns eg. clapping games and playground songs and rhymes wn ideas, To explore a range of untuned instruments		
EYFS 2021 ELG – Being Imaginative and Expressive Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs. Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and – when appropriate – try to move in time with music.	To use my voice in different ways for speaking To use my voice in different ways for singing To use my voice in different ways for chanting. To repeat short rhythmic and melodic patterns eg. clapping games and playground songs and rhymes To recognise the beat To describe whether a piece of music is fast or slow, loud or quiet		
KEY STAGE 1:	YEAR 1	YEAR 2	
To use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes.	Performing To sing and chant as part of a group and on my own To sing with and without accompaniment. To sing with a sense of the shape of the melody and pitch	Performing To sing in tune with the class changing pitch, volume and duration in time with the melody. To show awareness of the structure of a piece of music (e.g repetition)	





To play tuned and untuned instruments musically.

To listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music.

To experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the interrelated dimensions of music. (duration, dynamics, tempo, timbre, texture, structure and musical notation)

To start and finish performing together realizing the need for silence before and afterwards.

To sing at a higher and lower pitch when singing with and without accompaniment.

To sing with a sense of the shape of the melody.

To perform with awareness of others and realizing that some songs need to be sung softly and others loudly.

To follow instructions on how and when to sing

To perform as part of a group using instruments to repeat simple patterns.

To explore making longer and shorter sounds

To play in a group at the same speed and beat.

#### Listening/ Appraise

To listen to a range of stimuli, expressing opinion and noting mood and simple musical elements such as loud and soft or fast and slow. (Volume, pitch, tempo) \*

To name some of the instruments that I to hear.

To recognise the change in volume, pitch and tempo when listening to a piece of music.

To listen to certain pieces of music and describe some of the pictures and images this creates in my imagination.

To analyze my performance, discussing what I liked about it and what I feel I could improve.

To go back and improve my own work.

To sing songs that help me with my learning about a particular topic and use these to expand my knowledge.

To sing a wide range of songs, rhymes and styles clearly, with expression and enthusiasm to different audiences.

To sing in parts and rounds, maintaining awareness of what others are doing.

To follow instructions on how and when to play an instrument To create different sounds when performing simple patterns using the same instrument

To rehearse and refine the elements of music (duration, volume, speed) in order to improve my quality of work when working individually or in small groups.

To work as a class, in a group and on my own.

#### **Listening/Evaluating**

To identify the impact of musical elements in music (timbre, pitch, dynamics)\*

To hear differences in music from other cultures when compared and contrasted to that of my own. \*

To discuss how a particular piece of music makes me feel and compare it to another piece of music I might have heard.

To listen to a range of stimuli noticing many of the key elements, such as beat, rhythm, pitch, dynamics, volume, tempo and duration naming the different instruments heard.

To recognise how the musical elements can be used to create different moods and effects and communicate ideas.

To discuss how a particular piece of music makes me feel and compare it to another piece of music I might have heard.

To discuss what I was aiming to do and to what extent I achieved my aim

### Composing / Improvising

To begin to recognise repetition when listening to music of others. To experiment with a range of ways to create sounds using the same instrument (scraping, tapping, shaking etc.)

To respond using instruments to given starting points such as an animal or character.

To compose simple musical patterns

To combine simple musical elements to create a piece of music based around a simple theme and to a simple criteria (e.g. A storm)

# Composing / Improvising

To experiment with a range of ways to create sounds using the same instrument (scraping, tapping, shaking etc.)

To create and choose sounds in response to given starting points (e.g a storm or a story)

To create a mixture of different sounds with voices (long and short, loud and quiet, high and low).



	To compose simple musical patterns using tuned and untuned instruments  To work cooperatively using tuned and untuned instrument as part of a group to perform a sequence.  To combine simple musical elements to create a piece of music based around a simple theme and to a simple criteria (e.g. A storm)	To order sounds within simple structures such as beginning, middle and end. To represent sounds with symbols. To devise my own musical sequences, taking into account elements such as speed, volume and beat.
KEY STAGE 2:	YEAR 3	YEAR 4
Pupils should be taught to:	Using voices	Using voices
<ul> <li>play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression</li> <li>improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the interrelated dimensions of music</li> <li>listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory</li> <li>use and understand staff and other musical notations</li> <li>appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians</li> <li>develop an understanding of the history of music.</li> </ul>	To sing from memory To sing songs in a variety of styles with confidence To show increasing accuracy of pitch To chant or sing a round in two parts To maintain a simple part within a group To pronounce words within a song clearly  Using instruments To keep a steady beat on an instrument individually To keep a steady beat on an instrument in a group, being aware of others playing To play using symbols including graphic and/ or simple graphic notation To perform with an awareness of others To play notes on the recorder with care so that they are clear	To sing from memory with accurate pitch To sing songs showing musical expression (phrasing, changes of tempi, dynamics; reflecting the mood and character of the song and its context) To sing two/three part rounds with more confidence and increasing pitch accuracy To show control of voice  Using instruments To use tuned and/or untuned percussion instruments To play with increasing confidence to accompany songs To perform an instrument in unison with others in an ensemble
	To explore  To explore Longer – shorter / faster – slower / higher – lower / louder – quieter sounds on instruments and using voices  To recognise graphic symbols to represent sound  To recognise traditional notation symbols to represent sound  To know that difference symbols represent different beats  To explore the sounds of different instruments and how they can represent different pictures/stories/ moods  To compose  To compose  To compose music that tells a story, paints a picture or creates a mood  To create a repeated pattern with tuned instruments (2 or 3 notes)	To explore To explore sounds to create particular effects (timbre) To explore music that describes feelings or moods using different dynamics, tempi, timbres etc. To combine and control sounds to achieve a desired effect To recognise the notes EGBDF and FACE on the musical stave To recognise the symbols for a minim, crotchet and semibreve and say how many beats they represent.  To compose To compose melodic songs that have a recognisable structure (beginning, middle and end) To create a repeated pattern with tuned instruments more than 2 notes





Listen, reflect and appraise  To listen with concentration to longer pieces/ extracts of live and recorded music  To recognise some familiar instrumental sounds in recorded music (piano, violin, guitar, drums etc.)  To discuss the terms: duration, timbre, pitch, beat, tempo, texture and use of silence to describe music.  To evaluate music using musical vocabulary to identify areas of likes and dislikes.	Listen, reflect and appraise  To recognise aurally the range of percussion using in school and some orchestral instruments taught in school  To recognise music from different times and countries  To confidently use the terms: duration, timbre, pitch, beat, tempo, texture and use of silence to describe music.
YEAR 5	YEAR 6
Using voices  To know and confidently sing five songs and their parts from memory, and to sing them with a strong internal pulse.  To choose a song and be able to talk about:  Its main features  Singing in unison, the solo, lead vocal, backing vocals or rapping  To know what the song is about and the meaning of the lyrics  To know and explain the importance of warming up your voice	Using voices  To know and confidently sing five songs and their parts from memory, and to sing them with a strong internal pulse.  To know about the style of the songs so you can represent the feeling and context to your audience  To choose a song and be able to talk about:  Its main features  Singing in unison, the solo, lead vocal, backing vocals or rapping  To know what the song is about and the meaning of the lyrics  To know and explain the importance of warming up your voice
To sing in unison and to sing backing vocals.  To enjoy exploring singing solo.  To listen to the group when singing.  To demonstrate a good singing posture.  To follow a leader when singing.  To experience rapping and solo singing.  To listen to each other and be aware of how you fit into the group.  To sing with awareness of being 'in tune'  Using instruments	To sing in unison and to sing backing vocals.  To demonstrate a good singing posture.  To follow a leader when singing.  To experience rapping and solo singing.  To listen to each other and be aware of how you fit into the group.  To sing with awareness of being 'in tune'.
To know and be able to talk about:  • Different ways of writing music down – e.g. staff notation, symbols  • The notes C, D, E, F, G, A, B + C on the treble stave	To know and be able to talk about:  • Different ways of writing music down – e.g. staff notation, symbols  • The notes C, D, E, F, G, A, B + C on the treble stave





 The instruments they might play or be played in a band or orchestra or by their friends

To play a musical instrument with the correct technique within the context of the Unit song.

To select and learn an instrumental part that matches their musical challenge, using one of the differentiated parts – a one-note, simple or medium part or the melody of the song from memory or using notation.

To rehearse and perform their part within the context of the Unit song.

To listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader. To lead a rehearsal session.

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To listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader. To lead a rehearsal session.

#### To explore

To know that improvisation is making up your own tunes on the spot To know that when someone improvises, they make up their own tune that has never been heard before. It is not written down and belongs to them.

To know that using one or two notes confidently is better than using five

To know that if you improvise using the notes you are given, you cannot make a mistake

To know that you can use some of the riffs you have heard in the Challenges in your improvisations

To know three well-known improvising musicians

#### To explore

To know that improvisation is making up your own tunes on the spot To know that when someone improvises, they make up their own tune that has never been heard before. It is not written down and belongs to them.

To know that using one, two or three notes confidently is better than using five

To know that if you improvise using the notes you are given, you cannot make a mistake

To know that you can use some of the riffs and licks you have learnt in the Challenges in your improvisations

To know three well-known improvising musicians

#### To compose

To know and be able to talk about:

- A composition: music that is created by you and kept in some way. It's like writing a story. It can be played or performed again to your friends.
- A composition has pulse, rhythm and pitch that work together and are shaped by tempo, dynamics, texture and structure
- Notation: recognise the connection between sound and symbol

#### To compose

To know and be able to talk about:

- A composition: music that is created by you and kept in some way. It's like writing a story. It can be played or performed again to your friends.
- A composition has pulse, rhythm and pitch that work together and are shaped by tempo, dynamics, texture and structure
- Notation: recognise the connection between sound and symbol





Create simple melodies using up to five different notes and simple rhythms that work musically with the style of the Unit song. Explain the keynote or home note and the structure of the melody. Listen to and reflect upon the developing composition and make musical decisions about how the melody connects with the song. Record the composition in any way appropriate that recognises the connection between sound and symbol (e.g. graphic/pictorial notation).

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#### Performing

To know and be able to talk about:

- Performing is sharing music with other people, an audience
- A performance doesn't have to be a drama! It can be to one person or to each other
- Everything that will be performed must be planned and learned
- You must sing or rap the words clearly and play with confidence
- A performance can be a special occasion and involve an audience including of people you don't know
- It is planned and different for each occasion
- A performance involves communicating ideas, thoughts and feelings about the song/music

To choose what to perform and create a programme.

To communicate the meaning of the words and clearly articulate them.

To talk about the venue and how to use it to best effect.

To record the performance and compare it to a previous performance. To discuss and talk musically about it – "What went well?" and "It would have been even better if...?"

#### Listen, reflect and appraise

To know five songs from memory, who sang or wrote them, when they were written and, if possible, why?

To know the style of the five songs and to name other songs from the Units in those styles.

To choose two or three other songs and be able to talk about:

#### **Performing**

To know and be able to talk about:

- Performing is sharing music with an audience with belief
- A performance doesn't have to be a drama! It can be to one person or to each other
- Everything that will be performed must be planned and learned
- You must sing or rap the words clearly and play with confidence
- A performance can be a special occasion and involve an audience including of people you don't know
- It is planned and different for each occasion
- A performance involves communicating ideas, thoughts and feelings about the song/music

To choose what to perform and create a programme.

To communicate the meaning of the words and clearly articulate them.

To talk about the venue and how to use it to best effect.

To record the performance and compare it to a previous performance. To discuss and talk musically about it

### Listen, reflect and appraise

To know five songs from memory, who sang or wrote them, when they were written and why?

To know the style of the songs and to name other songs from the Units in those styles

To choose three or four other songs and be able to talk about:





- Some of the style indicators of the songs (musical characteristics that give the songs their style)
- The lyrics: what the songs are about
- Any musical dimensions featured in the songs and where they are used (texture, dynamics, tempo, rhythm and pitch)
- Identify the main sections of the songs (intro, verse, chorus etc.)
- Name some of the instruments they heard in the songs
- The historical context of the songs. What else was going on at this time?

To identify and move to the pulse with ease.

To think about the message of songs.

To compare two songs in the same style, talking about what stands out musically in each of them, their similarities and differences. Listen carefully and respectfully to other people's thoughts about the music.

When you talk try to use musical words.

To talk about the musical dimensions working together in the Unit songs.

Talk about the music and how it makes you feel

- The style indicators of the songs (musical characteristics that give the songs their style)
- The lyrics: what the songs are about
- Any musical dimensions featured in the songs and where they are used (texture, dynamics, tempo, rhythm, pitch and timbre)
- Identify the structure of the songs (intro, verse, chorus etc.)
- Name some of the instruments used in the songs
- The historical context of the songs. What else was going on at this time, musically and historically?
- Know and talk about that fact that we each have a musical identity

To identify and move to the pulse with ease.

To think about the message of songs.

To compare two songs in the same style, talking about what stands out musically in each of them, their similarities and differences. Listen carefully and respectfully to other people's thoughts about the music

Use musical words when talking about the songs.

To talk about the musical dimensions working together in the Unit songs.

Talk about the music and how it makes you feel, using musical language to describe the music