

Coasts

Why are coastal areas always changing?
Year 6 Summer



Key Vocabulary: Geography

Erosion – the geological process in which earthen materials are worn away and transported by natural forces such as wind or water

Norfolk broads – The Broads is a network of mostly navigable rivers and lakes in the English counties of Norfolk and Suffolk.

County – major units into which England and Wales are or have been divided for purposes of local government.

Hydraulic action – the ability of moving water (flowing or waves) to dislodge and transport rock particles.

Ordnance Survey map – a map which shows all the roads, paths, hills etc of an area in detail.

Where is Norfolk?



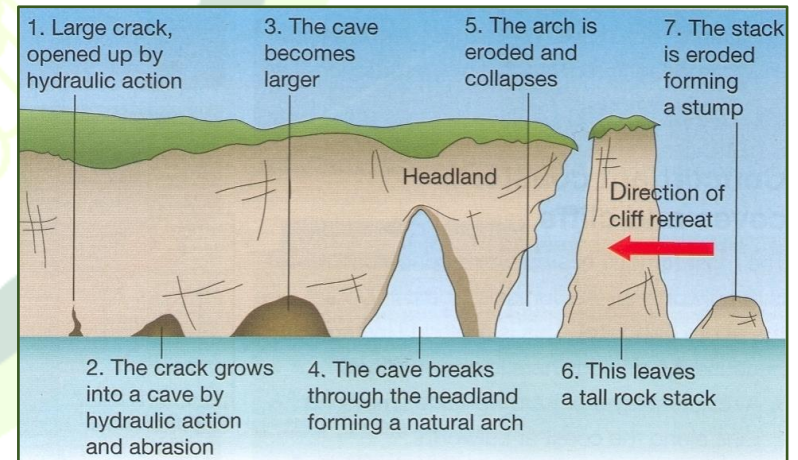
Norfolk is a county in East-Anglia in England. It borders Lincolnshire to the north-west, Cambridgeshire to the west and Suffolk to the south.



Ordnance Survey Map Symbols

	Camp site		Art gallery (notable / important)		Museum
	Caravan site		Boat hire		National Trust
	Garden		Boat trips		Nature reserve
	Golf course or links		Building of historic interest		Other tourist feature
	Information centre, all year / seasonal		Cadw		Parking
	Nature reserve		Camp site		Park and ride, all year
	Parking, Park and ride, all year / seasonal		Camping and caravan site		Park and ride, seasonal
	Picnic site		Caravan site		Phone; public, emergency
	Selected places of tourist interest		Castle or fort		Picnic site
	Telephone, public / motoring organisation		Cathedral or abbey		Preserved railway
	Viewpoint				
	Visitor centre				
	Walks / Trails				
	Youth hostel				

How are cliffs formed?



Art

Drawing Landscapes

Key vocabulary:

Foreground - the part of a view that is nearest to the observer.

Middle-ground - the space naturally occurring between the foreground and the background.

Back-ground - the part of a picture, scene, or design that forms a setting for the main figures or objects, or appears furthest from the viewer.

David Hockney (1937 – present day)



Peter Bowen



Science

Evolution and Inheritance

Key Vocabulary:

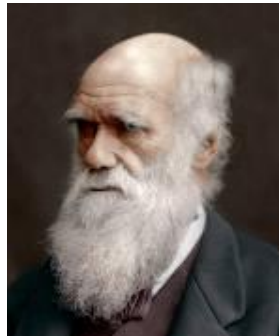
Evolution – the process by which different kinds of living organism are believed to have developed from earlier forms during the history of the earth.

Natural Selection – is the process through which populations of living organisms adapt and change.

Offspring – an animal's young.

Variation – The differences between the individuals in a species is called variation. Variation helps a species to survive, by causing individuals of a species to be genetically and physically different.

Charles Robert Darwin
(1809-1882)



Fossils

Ammonite



Belemnite



Micraster

